

FORUM: General Assembly 6 (Science, technology and innovation)

QUESTION OF: Science and healthcare

Appreciating the need of varying healthcare systems for countries in different economic situation,

Having adapted to the brisk augmentation of the retired population in several countries,

Emphasizing the gravity of the conditions in the poorest parts of the LEDCs and the bad hygiene and habits of the habitants, due to bad education,

Deeply concerned with the potential backfiring of medicines such as with the development of antibiotic resistant bacteria with antibiotics,

Having considered the effectiveness and flaws of previous attempts to solve the issue such as those of the Millennium Development Goals,

Mindful of the previous solutions to outbreaks of diseases such as plague,

Recognizing the hazards of recent diseases such as AIDS and underlining the ones to which no treatment has been found,

Observing the rapid spread of diseases due to globalization,

1. Urges private sectors in healthcare to establish partnerships to the public sector in LEDCs and countries with population in need of a better healthcare system to provide adequate healthcare for all citizens by giving financial support from the UN to private companies in order to encourage them to cooperate with the public sector;
2. Encourages all United Nations members to:
 - a. create research infrastructures specialized in diseases,
 - b. create medical centers to help and inform the population in LEDCs,
 - c. intervene in schools to inform the youth in LEDCs,
 - d. give financial helps to the countries whose economy does not allow them to finance the projects above;
3. Asks for the creation of health programmes in order to:
 - a. make vaccinations against certain diseases mandatory at birth,
 - b. reinforce the skills of health professionals in LEDCs,
 - c. prepare an emergency planning;
4. Encourages health care to concentrate on immunization for mother and children including:

- a. prenatal care for all,
 - b. vaccinations at birth,
 - c. encouragement of natural breastfeeding to healthy women who have passed a control test carried out by the UN body described in subclause d,
 - d. for the countries which are not able to give those healthcares by themselves, a UN body will do it for them
5. Urges all United Nations members to create an international NGO to finance Healthcare Centers in LEDCs that:
- a. would be composed of different areas, with:
 - i. a reception center that would give all the information about the center and that would lead the people towards the good place to go depending on their problem,
 - ii. a school for everyone which would not only teach the dangers of diseases such as AIDS, Vector-borne diseases and infections due to bad hygiene, with a priority to the diseases touching the most the region and/or the country in which the center would be host but also teach them better hygienic habits to help fight virus spreading in classes of 55 minutes spread throughout the day so everyone could at least attend one class per day and that would also follow the religious rules about holidays, whatever the religion,
 - iii. several doctors' offices in which doctors would give consultations to patients and give them prescriptions for basic medications,
 - iv. a pharmacy that would give of basic medication, with medium protection to avoid the stealing of drugs stored inside,
 - v. a big nursing area in which the worse cases would be taken care of by nurses and doctors that would give them the medications and care they need in order to recover, secluded from the public areas to avoid viral spread,
 - b. would have specialists in pharmacy, medicine and entomology in every area to help the people and advise them on the good behaviors to stay safe and healthy,
 - c. would be mostly financed by the NGOs, along with participation from the people in the form of a fee and also from the State, which would depend on the wealth of the Country and the region;
6. Affirms that the maintenance of the infrastructure will create easy jobs for the jobless in the hosting countries, reducing the poverty of the country as well as its general health;
7. Assures that the local specialists will also have the priority to work in the Healthcare Centers and will therefore have access to a more technologically advanced material coming directly from the MEDCs;
8. Regrets that the lack of information concerning any form of treatable illness be the cause behind so many deaths, be it in MEDCs or LEDCs, therefore constituting a worldwide phenomenon due to a discrepancy in prevention measures, and therefore encourages that such measures be taken on a planetary scale taking the form of events

dedicated to informative prevention through the use of interactive tools which can be used by all computers;

9. Requests that all member states carry out the following tasks, in order to stop the spread of AIDS around the world and eradicate the HIV virus:
 - a. create, inside the commission on UNAIDS, a scientific research committee financed by the UN, named UNARC (UN AIDS Research Committee), gathering specialized scientists and doctors already working on this issue in order to develop cooperatively an efficient cure that is able to destroy the HIV virus,
 - b. encourage private medical companies, with a financial support from the UN, to share their knowledge on the HIV virus and work in cooperation with the UNARC to accelerate the research,
 - c. create a branch of the UNARC specialized in the research to improve the efficiency of the existent antiretroviral treatments, reduce their side effects and limit their cost.